

diacylamines

Compounds having two *acyl groups* substituted on ammonia or a primary amine acyl-NR-acyl. They are also known as secondary *amides* and, especially the cyclic examples derived from diacids, as *imides*, e.g. $[\text{RC}(=\text{O})]_2\text{NR}$, $\text{RS}(=\text{O})_2\text{NHC}(=\text{O})\text{R}$.

1995, 67, 1331