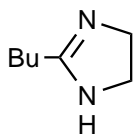


carboxamidines

Compounds having the structure $RC(=NR)NR_2$. The term is used as a suffix in systematic nomenclature to denote the $-C(=NH)NH_2$ group including its carbon atom, e.g. acetamidine, $CH_3C(=NH)NH_2$; 2-butyl-4,5-dihydroimidazole,



1995, 67, 1326